Statement

State-wise Break up of Foreign Direct Investment Approval during August 1991 to April 1998

State	Amount of FDI Approved (Rs. Crores)
Andhra Pradesh	5649.44
Assam	1.50
Bihar	185.37
Gujarat	8503.13
Haryana	2071.88
Himachal Pradesh	344.16
Jamnu & Kashmir	8.01
Karnataka	8719.86
Kerala	547.31
Madhya Pradesh	7323.77
Maharashtra	20389.14
Manipur	3.19
Meghalaya	8.50
Nagaland	3.68
Orissa	7647.63
Punjab	1805.59
Rajasthan	212.38
Tamil Nadu	9946.62
Tripura	0.68
Uttar Pradesh	2903.90
West Bengal	7199.75
Andaman & Nicobar	0.98
Arunchal Pradesh	11.06
Chandigarh	72.52
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	8.03
Delhi	22792.54
Goa	403.88
Lakshadweep	0.50
Pondicherry	350.84
Daman & Diu	70.01
Others	50964.57

CAG report on debt trap

2954. SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the latest report of the Comptroller and Auditor Genral (CAG) has painted an alarming piciture of an internal debt trap, according to which 60% of the total Government disburesements go to the debt servicing;

(b) if so, the cicrumstance leading to such a situation; and

(c) whether any comprehensive plan to resolve the problem has been worked out by Government; if so, the details thereof and the steps taken in pursuance thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINGH): (a) The report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended March, 1997 has mentioned that the total liability of the Union Government increased from Rs. 480467 crore in 1992-93 to Rs. 770513 crore in 1996-97 which constituted an increase of 60%.

(b) The increase in liabilites has been due to successive fiscal deficits representing the gap between total expenditure and non-debt receipts.

(c) Government would endeavour to contrain the fiscal deficit in the current financial year 1998-99 at the budgeted level by maximising non-debt receipts and controlling expenditure.

रुग्न उद्योगों में बैंकों/वित्तीय संस्थाओं द्वारा निवेश

2955. **श्री बरजिन्दर सिंह:**
श्री बलवंत सिंह रामूवालिया:

क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि देश के रूग्ण उद्योगों में वित्तीय संस्थाओं द्वारा निवेश की गई पूंजी बेकार एवं अनुत्पादक हो कर रह गई है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो बैंकों एवं अन्य वित्तीय संस्थाओं द्वारा मार्च, 1998 के अंत तक लघु, मध्यम एवं बड़े उद्योगों में निवेशित कुल पूंजी कितनी है जो औद्योगिक रूग्णता के कारण बेकार एवं अनुत्पादक पड़ी हुई है; और

(ग) इस पूंजी को पुनः उत्पादक कार्य में लगाने के लिये सरकार की भावी योजना क्या है?